#### § 192.115

## §192.115 Temperature derating factor (7) for steel pipe.

The temperature derating factor to be used in the design formula in §192.105 is determined as follows:

Gas temperature in degrees Fahrenheit (Celsius)	Tempera- ture derat- ing factor (T)
250 °F (121 °C) or less	1.000
300 °F (149 °C)	0.967
350 °F (177 °C)	0.933
400 °F (204 °C)	0.900
450 °F (232 °C)	0.867

For intermediate gas temperatures, the derating factor is determined by interpolation.

[35 FR 13257, Aug. 19, 1970, as amended by Amdt. 192–85, 63 FR 37502, July 13, 1998]

### §192.117 [Reserved]

#### §192.119 [Reserved]

## §192.121 Design of plastic pipe.

Subject to the limitations of §192.123, the design pressure for plastic pipe is determined in accordance with either of the following formulas:

$$P = 2S \frac{t}{(D-t)} 0.32$$

$$P = \frac{2S}{(SDR - 1)} 0.32$$

Where:

P=Design pressure, gauge, kPa (psig).

S=For thermoplastic pipe, the longterm hydrostatic strength determined in accordance with the listed specification at a temperature equal to 73°F (23°C), 100°F (38°C), 120°F (49°C), or 140°F (60°C); for reinforced thermosetting plastic pipe, 11,000 psi (75,842 kPa).

t=Specified wall thickness, mm (in).

D=Specified outside diameter, mm (in). SDR=Standard dimension ratio, the ratio of the average specified outside diameter to the minimum specified wall thickness, corresponding to a value from a common numbering system that was derived from the American Na-

tional Standards Institute preferred number series 10.

[Amdt. 192-78, 61 FR 28783, June 6, 1996, as amended by Amdt. 192-85, 63 FR 37502, July 13, 1998]

# §192.123 Design limitations for plastic pipe.

- (a) The design pressure may not exceed a gauge pressure of 689 kPa (100 psig) for plastic pipe used in:
  - (1) Distribution systems; or
  - (2) Classes 3 and 4 locations.
- (b) Plastic pipe may not be used where operating temperatures of the pipe will be:
- (1) Below  $-20^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), or  $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) if all pipe and pipeline components whose operating temperature will be below  $-29^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-20^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) have a temperature rating by the manufacturer consistent with that operating temperature; or
- (2) Above the following applicable temperatures:
- (i) For thermoplastic pipe, the temperature at which the long-term hydrostatic strength used in the design formula under §192.121 is determined. However, if the pipe was manufactured before May 18, 1978 and its long-term hydrostatic strength was determined at 73°F (23°C), it may be used at temperatures up to 100°F (38°C).
- (ii) For reinforced thermosetting plastic pipe, 150°F (66°C).
- (c) The wall thickness for thermoplastic pipe may not be less than 0.062 inches (1.57 millimeters).
- (d) The wall thickness for reinforced thermosetting plastic pipe may not be less than that listed in the following table:

Nominal size in inches (millimeters).	Minimum wall thick- ness inches (millime- ters).
2 (51)	0.060 (1.52)
3 (76)	0.060 (1.52)
4 (102)	0.070 (1.78)
6 (152)	0.100 (2.54)

[35 FR 13257, Aug. 19, 1970, as amended by Amdt. 192–31, 43 FR 13883, Apr. 3, 1978; Amdt. 192–78, 61 FR 28783, June 6, 1996; Amdt. 192–85, 63 FR 37502, July 13, 1998]